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SUBJECTS:

DURAN, SILVIA

OSWALD, LEE, POST-RUSSIAN PERIOD, TRAVEL, TRIP TO

MEXICO

GARRO DE PAZ, ELENA

DOCUMENT TYPE: **REPORT**

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OPENING CRITERIA:

COMMENTS: Box 12 On October 5, 1964, elven days often the gublication of the Warren Commission Report, a story alleging the Hurrey Oswall's greener at a garty in Mexico City attended by Cuban greenment genormal came to the attention of the Central Intelligence agency: (W×74\$, p. 94, Cotty # 430, C/A # 721;

Blick Hems ditch 10/5/64, C/A # 576). On allegation, of this type,

If true, would negrte the Waven Commission is conclusion that Lee Howey Dawald was the love assassin of John 1 Kennedy.

Clena's Story As Reported October 5, 1964

and Dela them be themen Advan, find ensuing y thereby,
Rhen and the Duran were invited to a twist party at
the home of Ruben Duran in the middle of a week in the
fall of 1963. See Having O awald was allight to have been
at this party in the company of "two other bestrick looking."
Libid Whom Close remained together the extense evening
and did not dence. When Close truck -to speak with
the americans, she was "phifted" to another norm by me
but mentioned which ensuin that not allowed her to
speak to the americans. The one of Close's consinus told her
after the time that (he a she) did not know who the
americans were except that Eglice Duran to the party.

Hentio Duran), had brought bless to the party.

The day after the garly, Clime and Deba pour the three amircans on the Inoughtes, a main areme in Mexico City. The Horro's claimed that they had recognized Operald's shotograph when it was outlisted after the assarshing byline Duran's arrest "medulined that personny" that - the man had been see Harry Oswald. (16:d)

Dala added that Igun and one of the Duran brothers had made trips to Texas while added that, even though

-NW-66000_DocId:322<u>71443_Page 2</u>

the Duan brochers had always been good before the assassination, they were both diving expensive new cars. (while)

The source of the memo was a central Intelligence agency asset know by the engologue LICOOKIE I whom the wording to Mo. Cobb was sent to chow's house, In a few days, by a

Committee dentified as June Cold Sharp while rivering LICOOKIES file. mutual friend, Costa Rican writer Eunice Odio. [CIA No's Was Harro assirted that 580-583; WX-7241, Entry # 427, p.92, CIA # 719] While Me at Blow's house she expressed interest in the Kennedy got drunk and the stong was to be a CIA agent, Cobb suggested that Elena and Deba go to Texas to tell their story. (ibid) When the suggestion was rejected, Cobb stated that she would arrange a meeting with the CIA Station Chief. [Winston Scott was the Mepier City Statem Chief in 1964]. The meeting did not seem because Mo. Coll was asked to leave the Barro house evidently because she titled Clere's cot. [CIANO'S 580-583; Wx7341, Entry # 427, p.92, CIA = 719.] a notation on the memo says that 41 (Si Cookie I) never regained contact with Eleve Garro de Pay. (Wx 7241, p. 94, Cuty # 430, C/A # 121; Blind Memor taled 10/5/64, CIA# 576].

In Cookie memo was not inserted in either Lee Hawey Oswald "p" (gesmelity) files project file []he the grant flat was flat The Committee learned about the memo from WX-7241, a chardogisal history I the Oswald case gregared by anne Sortgasture for

in 1976] The memo was found CIA = 721.] arguel restation on WX 7241 says, "Why was this not pent to Headquarters ??" (p.87, CIA# 714). The Committee been able to determine to headquarters shortly thereofter.

Biography

Elena Garro de Paz, was born of Spanish parents in CAllindra in This see Puebla, Mexico on December 11, 1917. Ms. Garro attended the National Autonomous University of Mexico and later did graduate work at Berkley in California and at the University of Paris. In 1963, Elena had long been married to Octavio Paz, a career diplomat who is also one of Mexico's finest poets and leading intellectuals. When Octavio was named Mexican Ambassador to India, the couple separated by mutual consent. Elena's daughter, also named Elena, has always resided with her mother.

Since Elena spent seventeen years of her early life in Europe she had a rather un-Mexican objectivity about her native land and had a reputation for being one if its more articulate detractors. At the same time, Elena was considered emotionally committed to many aspects of Mexican life and made an important contribution to its artistic development.

In the 1960's Elena became a significant writer. Hogar Solido, El Rey Mago, La Senora en su Balcon, Ventura Allende, Andaise por las Ramas, Parada Empresa, and El Viaje are plays that have had appreciative audiences in Europe, where they were translated into German, as well as in Mexico. Ms. Garro's short stories are collected in a volume called La Semana de Colores. The Literacy Supplement of the London Times has called her novel, Los Recuerdos de Porvenir, "a



splendid success." Critics have said of her: "For Elena Garro, there is no frontier between reality and fantasy; in any case, the latter is a second reality—perhaps more intense— to which one may penetrate without passport or forewarning, thanks to the effectiveness of a literature fired with passion, flavor and life." Many people who knew Elena have asserted that the frontier between reality and fantasy is also difficult for her to distinguish in real life. [5:05/caphy Data Form Proposed by Charles Thomas]

Ms. Garro, for many years, was an active worker in the Confederacion Nacional Campesina (CNC), the agrarian arm of the Partido Reformista (PRI). Because Ms. Garro was a tireless propagandist and agitator on behalf of the poorer Mexican peasants, she was on close personal terms with and enjoyed the respect of peasant leaders from all over the country. ()

Elena was considered a witty, urbane and opinionated woman with an unflagging sense of humor. Her forthright opinions and sharp wit tended on occasion to ruffle feathers in Mexico, but her important social, literacy, and political connections rendered her fairly immune from serious counterattack until 1968. Then, Ms. Garro was forced to flee the country with her daughter, Elenita and her sister, Deba Guerrero de Galvan, in the midst of the student strikes.

The House Select Committee on Assassinations has been unable to determine the exact cossin Mix Garro had for fleeing Mexico.



Before her disappearance from Mexico, Elena was well disposed toward the United States and had been friendly with Embassy officers. Her broad range of significant personal friends, the views of many important to the American Embassy, made her a useful Embassy target. Throughout the early 1960's she was carried as a target in the Embassy's Youth Program.

American Embassy employees dealing with Elena

believed that despite her access to the underground happenings

in Mexico, including peasant unrest, since she had a tendency

to romanticize developments in reporting on them made it

to evaluate her overall codibility.

difficult at times to determine what degree of credence

to place on what might truly be useful and concrete information.

A "useful Embassy target" is a person deemed important browning enough by American Embassy officials to merit frequent contact, either witting or unwitting, to the American embassy officials.]

(b).

October 12, 1964 CIA MEMO FOR THE RECORD

On 10/12/64 the Chief of Covert action, state of flamery, wrote a memo for the record regording that Elena thans de Pay had told her story to Emine Odio [] The Committee has not been able to determine if Elena thans told the Odio generally or if the Cott told the Odio of Mo. Cott told the Odio what Elena had told her.] who relayed it to "Tichlorn was Henry P. Joy' crystonym. Mr. Jogey was a withing and If the CIA) who write our game ones. After cought review 3 his CIA file, the HSCA has not been able to establish a link firm the Jogy towns. Odio or # Ms. Harrs.]

on 10/9/64. [10/12/64 memo, CIA # 596; Wx 7241, p. 87, CIA # 714]

The story is not as detailed as the 10/5/64 version. There is no mention of Deba Garro Guerrero Galvan. The story, perhaps because it is third hand, differs from the previous story in two areas: The party was at the Cuban Embassy not at Ruben Duran's: Elena talked to a Cuban Embassy official not one of her cousins about the three Americans.

attached to the memo was a note from 7/annery to the chief of Station, Winston death, which read,
"Do you want me to send the good of this to Headquarders."

Scott right "yes, but we should follow up first."

Flannery then wrote: "Northery further." booth then

noted that the memor should be filed. The file

indications plow that the memor went into the Oswald
"P" file and the Clena Barro "P" file. (ibit)

NOVEMBER 24, 1964 CIA Informant Regort.

On November 24, 1964 a Condul Indellegence agency Informent [The House Delect Committee has been renable to ditermine the informant's identify] regarded information [Memo from Window Scoth to the files, re: June Cobb, 11/25/64, CIA NOS. 592-593; WX 7241, p.88, Cuty \$ 404, CIA \$ 715] he had learned from " SICHANT/1. [While reviewing LICHANT I's file the Committee determent that the CIA arsito true name was married Calvillo. The day following the assassination of John J. Kennedy's Calmillo exerted her and her daughter to the Vermont Hold for growing; See also December 25, 1965 memo for more information on Warrel Calvello] The informant asserted that June Cobb was an "american Communed" who rented a room from Elena Harro: [Weman from Winston Scott to the files, re: June Cobb, "/25/64, CIA Nos. 592-593; UX-7241, p.88, Entry # 404, CIA. No. 715] The informant also stated that Eleva tried to talk to Robert Rennedy when he was in mexico because she had met Oswald "and low friends (cubans" at a gaity at Anacio Duran's house. (1611) In addition, the informant claimed that Elevia also told her story to an American special, at the Embassy, who claimed to regressed the Warren Commersion, (ibid) The Chap of Station. noted The he had asked the informant to guise the story (ibel), but there is no induction that SICHANT I ever complied with this request [HSCA Review of Clarafiel CIA Documents]

NOVEMBER 24,1964 EIENA MEETING WITH MEXICO CITY

LEGAL ATTACHE OFFIERS

Elena was questioned regarding the identity of other persons attending the party at the Ruben Duran home who might have been in a position to observe the three Americans. Elena stated that in the course of the party her daughter met a young man named "Alejandro" at the party and danced (16:10:10) with him. He was apparently quite smitten with the daughter and tried to call her on several occasions after (16:10:10) the party. The daughter did not take the calls and as a result "Alejandro" wrote several letters to the daughter.

Ms. Garro exhibited two of the letters, as well as a business card which identified the young man as Ario Alejandro

Lavagnini Stenius. (IBID) 3)

Lama Jorga

(a)

The letter which Ms. Garro said was the first written by the young man to her daughter bore the date September 1, 1963 and the Mexico City Post Office postmark September 2, 1963. When Ms. Garro was told this she commented that probably the Communists have facilities for falsifying postcards. (IBID)

Bureau interviewed Ario Alejandro Lavagnini Stenius on November 27, 1964. (IBID.) Lavagnini recalled that there were approximately thirty people at the Ruban Duran party, few of whom he knew. He recalled having met a Mexican girl who had recently returned from living in France. He was unable to fix the date of the party, but felt it was probably early in September because of a heavy rain which occurred as they were leaving the party about 2:00 a.m. (IBID. p. 4)

Lavagnini noted no Americans present at this party.

He was familiar with the appearance of Lee Harvey Oswald because of publicity following the assassination of President Kennedy but otherwise had no knowledge of him and had never seen him except for news photographs following the assassination. (IBID. p. 4) [further was the algorithm that attack paths of the further fame that the fame that the fame that the further fame that this information was given to the Central Intelligence Agency's Mexico City Station.



Charles Thinas

First Meeting With ELENA CARRO WHERE LEE HARVEY OSWALD IS DESCISSED.

On 12/10/65 Charles Thomas, a political officer at the American Embassy, wrote a memorandum about a conversation with Elena Garro de Paz. (CIA #586-587, WX-7241 Entry No. 425, p. 91, CIA No. 718.) The meeting with Elena had been about other matters but she mentioned knowing Oswald. Thomas noted that she was reluctant to talk but did. (16.4)

Elena's story reported here is the same, but with date of story more details, as that given in the LICOOKIE Memo. She said that General Clark Flores, Silvia Duran, Eusebio (Libra Caralia Missico (14)) (April Commanist and Stories) Azcue, Emilio Carballido, and a Latin American Negro man with red hair were at the party. A marginal comment by this entry in WX-7241 says, "How did Elena know about a red-haired Negro?" Elena also told Thomas that she had later learned that Silvia Duran had been "Oswald's mistress while he was there." (A note by this entry in WX-7241 says "How did Elena Garro know about Silvia being the mistress of Oswald?? This is 1965.)

about the Opweld-Duran "affair" until july 1967 who a CIA
Asset Siring/3 regorded it. [after reviewing SIR, NG13 file at the
CIA the House belief Committee on associations has been malle
to determine how LIRINGIS was associated with that had Kandelge
about Sylvin Duran on Lee Harry Opened.]

gone to the Cuban Embassy on November 1963, Once inside

the gates they shouted "assasins" and other insults at

[c/A * 586-587, W x 7241, Entry W. uzs, p.91, c/A No. 718]

the Embassy employees. Shortly after this incident a

That same dey

friend, Manuel Calvillo, an official in the Gobernacion,

took her and her daughter to a small hotel in the center

of Mexico City. They were kept there for eight days under the pretext that they were in danger. Elena claimed to have told Calvillo that she wanted to tell her story to the American Embassy. Calvillo dissuaded her by telling her that the American Embassy was full of Communist spies. Elena said that some of the other people who had been at the party were taken to Veracruz where they were "protected" by Governor Lopez Arias. [] he was the factor of the said that Ruben Duran, reportedly "protected" by General Clark Flores, was very prosperous and was driving a big car. [CAM 586.587, De 124, Entry No.415, P.41, CAM. 718]

Clean also claimed show been Doron told her months after
that he was not really a Commissions that
the assassination (Ho Ho Self Out of The Hours State
the Ming Kennedy had
the state of a mistake. (ibid; The Hours State
Commattee on assassinations has not been about the assaultion.
The December about place that the assaultion.
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currently the Control stately present the state of the control of the state of the control of the state of the state of the state of the state of the control of the state of the state of the state of the copy of the Thomas memorahum guin to December
25, 1965. See belows.

The COS wrote a note on the memo which says: "What an imagination she has!?! Should we send to Headquarters?" The Officer replied, "Suggest sending. There have been stories around town about all this, and Thomas is not only person she has talked to...If memory serves me, didn't LICOOKIE refer to Oswald and the local leftists and Cubans in one of her squibs?" (CIA No. 588, note from SW) to COS.)

4

(12)

The Mexico City Statem called the information in Thomas' 12/10/65 memorardum J conversation to CIA Herburaters (Cable from Herris City to the Deventor, Mexico 5621, date ent If may copy; CIA NOS. 584-585)

The cable said that Elena's

duction from the Cuban surveillance operation "and other winder
sources." (IBID.) Scott wrote, next to the routing indications on the cable, "Please ask Charles Thomas if he'll "follow-up". Get questions from Anne G. Please let's discuss. Thanks."

After the December 10 memorandum conversations, Winston Scott (Chief/Station) and Nathan Ferris (Legal Attache) called C. Thomas for a meeting. They asked him to get a more detailed replay of Ms. Garro's story. At this meeting Winston Scott made it clear that the FBI had full responsibility for any further investigation in the Oswald case. (State Dept: letter from Charles Thomas to William P. Rogers, July 25, 1969, JFK Doc. #

(3)

Charles Thomas Meeting W.H. Elena GARRO ON DECEMBER 25, 1965

Thomas met with Elena again on December 25, 1965.

The same date he wrote a memorandum of conversation which provided a much more detailed are restatement of Ms. Garro's alleged encounter with Lee Harvey Oswald and subsequent developments. (CIA Nos. 580-583; WX-7241, Entry #427, p. 92, CIA #719)

Elena admitted that she had spoken to two men at the Embassy "(presumably from the Legal Attache's Office)."(ibid:
The meeting occurred on Nov.24.15c4)

She said that she did not tell them the whole story

because "the Embassy officers did not give much credence

to anything she and Glenita said." (in CIA Nos. 580-583; UX7241, Entry # 427, p.97, CIA 719)

She stated that the party had been at Ruben Duran's (16.1) home. She was unclear about the date of the party. It was a few days before the Soviet Astronaut, Gagarin, visited Mexico; she thought that this would put the party around September 2 or 3, 1963. She believed that the party was on a Monday or Tuesday because it was an odd night for a party. The memory at the time of the interview because the calender was in a desk that had been stored away. (16.1)



During the conversation Elena described Oswald and his companions. The man who she thought was Oswald wore a black sweater. She said he was quiet "and stared a lot at the floor." One of his companions "was very tall and slender and had long blond hair which hung across his forehead. He had a gaunt face and a rather long protruding chin." The other companion was also tall, with short, light brown hair and no ready distinguishing characteristics. (16.2) The three Americans did not dance or mix with the other guests. Elena saw the same three men on the street the next day. (IBID.)

Elena was certain that Eusebio Azcue, Horacio Duran, Silvia Duran, Lydia Duran, Deba Guerrero, General Clark Flores and his mistress, a doctor from Dalinde Hospital,



a young American couple who were honeymooning in Mexico, and several other people were at the party. She said that Ricardo Guerra, whom she claims converted Horatio Duran to Communism, and his wife, Rosario Castellanos, were supposed to be at the party but did not above up.

(IBID.)

The red-haired man and Emilio Carballido were not at the party that Oswald attended but at another party where Carballido and Azcue got into a heated argument about President Kennedy. "They came to the conclusion that the only solution was to kill him." (IBID.) Elena was not clear on whether this party was before or after the party where she met Oswald. (16.14) The Have Salect Conc. Him has been unable to confirm the confirmation. Except Access that the tit did not except the said that Carballido "is a known Castro

agent in Mexico. "After the assassination he spent a year

(,b,l)

in Cuba. He then got a job teaching at Rutgers University

through Dr. Jose Vasquez Amaral. (,b,l). The House Select Committee has been force for the first that the force of the first that the f

The incident at the Cuban Embassy, where Elena and her daughter shouted "assassins", etc., at the Embassy employees, occured on November 23rd at or about 3:00 p.m. Elena and Elenita were driven to the Cuban Embassy by Elena's brother who was embarrassed by their behavior. (4.3) This occured before they had seen photographs of Oswald. (4.3)

Later that day they were visited by Manuel Calvillo who told them that they were in serious danger from the Communists and that he would take them to a small hotel,

EJL First Draft Rage 14

where they would be safe, for a few days. Elena said

she trusted and believed Calvillo because he was a

known undercover agent for the Gebermacien (b) He was

also a friend of Noe Palomares and Gustavo Diaz Ordaz (1);

Calvillo also told Elena and her daughter that Silvia

Duran had been arrested. Duran's arrest was not public

information at the time. (1);

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Elena could not remember the name of the hotel so that same

day ("links) she took Thomas to the section of Mexico City where she
thought it was. They found the hotel. It was the Vermont
Hotel, Calle Vermont 29. Elena said that she assumed
that Calvillo had registered them as relatives or friends. (.6.3)
They stayed at the hotel until the following Friday, Nov.

30, 1963 hardly leaving their rooms. (.6.3) (So leave the leave the leave were at the hotel they saw the photos
of Oswald and realized that he had been the man at Ruben
Duran's party. When Calvillo visited them at the hotel
Elena told him that she wanted to report it to the

however,
American Embassy, Calvillo dissuaded her by stating
that the American Embassy was full of Communists. When
She
Elena returned to her home, guards were posted outside. (.6.2)

The House Select Com the Day wealle to diturn the recartly of Mrs. Garro's claims.

Deba Guerrera, Deba had also come to the same conclusion, independently of Elena. Deba was "terrified," aApproximately

two months after the assassination two "communists" had personally warned visited Deba and threatened her never to reveal that (,)...) she had been to a party with Oswald. Deba, consequently, would not accompany Elena to the American Embassy to tell her story on Nov. 24, 1964. (. b.d)

Elena said that a few days after the assassination

Emilio Carballido took the Duran's to Jalapa, Veracruz and

"kept them out of the way until the initial shock of the

(b.d)

assassination wore off." The Home Select Committee has been unable to

Elena also said that shortly after the assassination an American named June Cobb spent several days in her house. Me Ms. Cobb had been sent to Elena by a mutual friend, Eunice Odio. Burries Odio was a Costa Rican who had been YasquezsAmaral semistress when Amaral was with the Rockefeller Floundation. 10 1965 Ms. Cobb and Ms. Odio-were roommates. While Ms. Cobb was at Elena's house she expressed an interest (15:4) (15:4) [thin on night]
in the Kennedy assassination. Deba got drunk one night and told Ms. Cobb the entire story. Ms. Cobb wanted them to go to the American authorities. Claiming to be a CIA agent, Cobb advised against going to the American Embassy. Size suggested that Elena and Deba go to Texas to tell their story. When her suggestion was rejected, Cobb said that she would arrange a meeting with the CIA Station Chief. The meeting did not occur because Ms. Cobb was asked to

leave the Garro house; evidently because she kicked

Elena's cat. (16:4)

That June (-bb Sharp was a CIA asset in 1964. (S-plap. 3)

January, 1964. He was worried that Oswald's visit to his home might be discovered and that he might lose his Mexican citizenship. Ruben told Elena that it had been Silvia who had gotten him involved with Oswald. (b.d)

Ruben added that he was not really a communist and had opposed the assassination. (b.d)

Ruben June June History Hi

Palomares of the Gobernacion about six months after the (,,,,,,) assassination. He advised against going to the American Embassy and told her that if she did anything at all

she should merely write an anonymous letter (.b.d.) The Committee spoke to Mr. Palomares who sent denied Ms. Garris elaim. [Has A interieu of Nue Pelanores

JERDIC DElena stated that it was "common knowledge"

that Silvia had been Oswald's mistress. When asked who

could verify the allegation she could only remember one person who had told her this. That person was Victor

Rico Galan, a "pro-Castro journalist." ibid. Durtin Rico Galan is deed.
The Committee could not verify Ms. Garris a Megation. I begin Durin denied

During these conversations Elena also said that

she "understood" that Oswald had been in Mexico more than once. (15.4)

the allegation. Nonetheles, IIRING 3, a CIA asset regarded the pame story in 1967.

(9)

Subsequent to December 25, 1965, Thomas wrote in the Dec. 25, 1965 memo that Elena had found her calendar and had reconstructed the date of the party as late [CIA Nation September not early September. When Thomas went to Ferris' office and informed him, Ferris replied that Elena had given the late September date when she had originally reported her story at the American Embassy. Pro 3, 5FK 2.c. N. However, Mr. Ferris explained that someone who had been at the party had stated that there were no Americans there. Mr. Ferris did not reveal that Ario Alejandro Lavagnini Stenius Ferris had provided this information (Septem P.)

Mr. Ferris suggested that it was not necessary for Thomas to pursue the matter since he considered the Oswald case [Fill Report, 9/s/LFT, 15FK Dic. No. 2015]

The state department forwarded (the same day)

a copy of the Charles Thomas memorandum to the green

Central Intelligence agency o Mexico City Statum to aid en their

On the first

investigation of the John of Kennely association. The memorales

gage of the memorandum of conversation whiston beath winter

"Shouldn't we send to Headquesters?" Someone responded

"Of course." [CIA NOS. 585-583; Wx 7241, ENTRY # 427, p.92, CIA & 719]

DECEMBER 27, 1965 LECAL ATTACHE MEMO TO UNITED STATES RETURN RECEBBION Garro.

On December 27, 1965 the Legal Attache waste a memo to the Ambassador, regarding Hlena. [(Memo to the Ambassador from the -Legal Attache, 12/27/65, CIA #578; WX-7241 Entry #429, p. 94, CIA #721.) the memos the Legal Attache refers to/in the Sept. 30, 1969 reported that Elena and her daughter were interviewed on 17 and 24 November 1964 The memo said that Eleng + her dange for the three furnished information similar to that in Thomas' further stated 12/10/65 memo. The Legat memo goes on to say "Inquiries conducted at that time, (November '64) however, failed to substantiate the allegations made by Mrs. Garro de Paz and her daughter. In view of the fact that Mrs. Garro de Paz' allegations have been previously checked out without substantiation, no further action is being taken concerning her recent repetition of those allegations." (IBID.)

The Legal attache forwarded a copy of the memorandum to the Certial Intelligence agency is Mexico ditenuarie that thereby was City Station. [The House belief Committee has been consider to from the lessons. See below] determined the lessons of the superinguised a note to anne Bortgesture on this memos which read, "Can we sent in a right to Headquesture "dismining" our cable. Development is a right, "done." [Hemo to the Ambassader from the Legal Attache, 12/27/65, CIA # 578; WX-7241 Entry # 429, p. 94, CIA # 721] The cable Winston Scott wanted dismissed was Mexi 5621 (Sugar).

(n)

The next entry in Oswald's Mexican file is a cable On December 29,965 written by Ann Goodpasture. (Memo from Mexico City to the Director, 12/29/65, Mexi 5741, CIA #575; WX-7241 Entry #430, p. 94, CIA #721. The cable reports the Legat interview and the failure, to substantiate Elena's story. I receive the cable promises to keep Headquarters advised if any further information is developed. (IBID.)

this cable. WX-7241 explains this is significant in a marginal comment, "This document by LICOOKIE was not in (Oswald's file), but was copied from (a project file) and attached to Mexi 5741, 29 Dec. 65." (IBID.)

A note attached to this cable by Allen White stated, "I don't know what FBI did in Nov 64, but the Garro's have been talking about this for a long time and she is said to be extremely bright." Ann Goodpasture wrote that the FBI had found Elena's allegations unsubstantiated but that "we will try to confirm or refute Mrs. Garro de Paz's information and follow up." Win Scott wrote, "She is also 'nuts'." (IBID; CIA #574)

(23)

CIA INVESTIGATION OF EVENA ALLEGATION

THAT SHE CREATED A DISTURBANCE AT

THE CUBAN CHEREST ON NOVEMBER 23, 1963.

On February 3, 1966 Anne Goodpasture sent Thomas' December 15,1915 memo to the Cuban section with an attached note asking them to check whether Elena was "seen creating such a disturbance as they claimed in front of the Cuban Embassy." (Note from Ann Goodpasture to "Cubans", 2/3/66, CIA No. 579; WX-7241, Entry 428, p. 94, CIA #721.)

One Cuban section officer responded, "No bells ring with me." Another one wrote "Me neither." The third officer wrote "No pictures either." (IBID.) There is no indication that the penetration agents in the Cuban

Embassy were queried about this. (IBID; That there are no pictures is reasonable since Elena claimed that the event happened: 1.) on a Saturday at 3:00 p.m. when the Cuban Embassy was not normally photographically surveilled; and 2.) the "disturbance" occured inside the Cuban compound. HSCA Examination of the CIA Cuban Embassy photographic surveillance showed no surveillance on 11/23/63. (Classified Summary of Staff Review of CIA Documents, undated, P. 3, CIA #763.)

(3)

LEGAL Attache 2/23/CK MEMO TO The United States Ambassador ROCARDING ELENA GARROS Allegations-

On 2/23/66 the Legal Attache wrote a memo to the

Ambassador regarding the Garros allegations. (Memo from

Legat to Ambassador, 2/23/66, CIA #571; WX-7241 Entry #455,

p. 95, CIA #722.) This memo reports that "extensive investigation" failed to disclose that Oswald had traveled to

Mexico prior to September 26, 1963 and that no information had developed that would show that he had not been in

New Orleans in the early part of that month. The memo repeated that no further action was being taken by the

The Ligal attache formulal a copy to the Control fatellyne agery's Westis City Station. [The House Select Committee on Assassinations has been unable to stetemene when the copy was forwarded to the CIA]

"How can it be ascertained that Oswald did not travel to Mexico prior to early Sept. 63? There must be some basis for Elena's reporting." (IBID; referenced to Thomas' 12/25/65 memo.)

26).

-113/66
CHARLES Thomas MENORANDOM OF CONVERSATION
RC Elene GARRO.

On 7/3/66 Charles Ihmas wrote a memorandum respecting that Eleve had tell him that she had received an mortolon to visit Cabo from Ambaosador Jorguin Herandry Armas. [Wemorandum & Convenden by Charles Thomas, 7/3/66, C/A #565; W1-7241, Entry 460, p.94, C/A #723]. Eleve gave Flores has been delivered to her claim. She paid the letters had been delivered to her home by a driver from the Cuban Conbassy. (Abd.) The envelope gave her address as Vernent 38. (Abd.) Because g her stay at the Hotel Vernered she paw the letters as a threst and was fregetired. (Abd.) [The HSGA has determined yelst the Caban government jurited Eleva Harrs to visit Cuban due to her great literary telents; see Biography)

25

LEGAL ATTACHE MEMO TO WINSTON SCOTT

RE GLEAKS AlleGATION THAT SHE HAD STATED

AT THE HOTEL VERMONT FROM THE DAY AFTER

THE ASSASSENATION UNTIL NOVEMBER 35 1983.



On 10/13/66 the Legal Attache wrote a memo to the CIA/COS reporting that a reliable confidential informant had reported that the records of the Hotel Vermont disclosed that "Elena Paz, housewife from San Luis Potosi" had registered at the Hotel Vermont on November 23, 1963. She left on November 30, 1963. The memo said that "the above individual may or may not be identical with Elena Garro de Paz." (Memo from Legat to Winston Scott, 10/13/66, CIA No. 564; WX-7241, Entry #466, p. 98, CIA #725; Thomas' 7/13/66 memo.) The House Select Committee on Assassinations has been unable to determine why the Created Tatelliquice Agency and the Federal Bureau of Investigation waited until 1966 to investigate this assacrat of Eleva's story.)

Charles Thomas' 12/25/65 memo said, "She (Elena) and her daughter did not personally register at the hotel. She thinks Calvillo registered them as relatives or friends of his from San Luis Postosi." (Memo of Conversation by Charles Thomas, 12/25/65, p. 3, CIA #582.)

The entry for the 10/13/66 Legat memo in WX-7241 bore the notation "This is what Elena claimed and no one would believe her." (WX-7241, Entry #466, p. 98, CIA #725.)

(26)

CHARLES THOMAS SEPT 30, 1969 HETTER TO STATE

DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL ATTACHES RESPONSE

until 1969 when Charles Thomas was "selected out."

("Selected out" is a phrase used when an officer is retired after having been in one grade for the maximum period of time and is not considered qualified for promotion to a higher grade). Then, he wrote a letter and memorandum to the Secretary of State saying, "Since I was the Embassy Officer in Mexico who acquired this intelligence information, I feel a responsibility for seeing it through to its final

evaluation." (State Dept.: Letter from Charles Thomas to William Rogers, Secretary of State, July 25, 1969)

Charles I homas' memorandum stated that "he get no reaction from Northern Fevris and Winton scott" regarding his memorandum of December 25, 1965. (State Deptitional: Tetter from Charles I homes to William Rogers, secretary of State, July 25, 1969) In addition, I homas write that the only gerson to speak to him about the Dec. 25, 1965 memorandum, Clarence Bornstea [

Deputy Chief of Hission, State Dept, Chief of Affeirs at the time of the John T. Kennedy B association and subsequent Downld intelligation - told him that Operald had not been in Mafeir on the date gives for estate department: Letter from Clarks Thomas to William Regers, Secretary of State, July 15, 10,175, 10,175.

The gesty. Thomas noted that even when he subtended that that Clema had not changed her stony but nother that she had some given a more accurate account, Bromster stated that the date was proof and diamersed the later of fair. (ibil)

that she but see one Americas (This)

27)

The Mexico City Teget's Office, in righty to Thomas' letter and memorandum, asserted that Thomas' office had been advant by memoranda stated December 27, 1965 and February 23, 1966 that since Clina Harr's allegations had posseriously been investigated without pulstantiation, no further attentions being token concerning her recent regitter of those allegations. [For Report, 913-169, pp3-4, IF4 Doc. No] In their regord, the Teget's Office concluded that either the Connector for Political Offices did not reste the memoranda to Clarker Thomas on that Ihomas did not recall receiving them.

(16:d)

Thomas write that when he went to Nothern Ferris

There and inform him that Elma had fruit her calendar and

had reconstructed the date of the party as late deptember, Ferris

replied that Elema had given the lite deptember date when she

had originally regorted her story at the dimension Bubsing [State,

Department: Letter from Charles Thomas to William Rogers; decretary of State,

July 25, 1967). Thomas mater that Ferris explained that primene

who had been at the granty had tatally that there had not closely the worter that for the state of the housement of your three; been any americans. Thomas alleged that Farris suggested that it was not necessary for Thomas alleged that Farris suggested that the

considered the Oswald case closed and had beard all the

pummers before, (1618)

The Light's Office replied that Mr. Ferres had not The Ihomas that someone who was at the garty had stated that there had not been any Americans great. (FBI Regord, 9/30/69, p.4, IFK Dor. No.]. The right assisted that Thomas had been that jet would not be necessary for him to great the water any further since Eleve's play had been investigated grevenisty

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(2)

I homes had been fold that Claus story was emsideed a closed issue not that the Operald was closed. (ibid)



House Select Committee on Assassination

Investigation of Elena Garro's Allegations

The House Select Committee on Assassinations investigated Elena Garro's story both through file reviews and personal interviews. The Committee requested and reviewed the CIA's, FBI's and State Department's Files, when where we wisted, on Elena Garro de Paz, Elenita Garro de Paz, Manuel Calvillo, Noe W. Palomares, June Cobb Sharp, Victor Rico Galan, Eunice Odio, Sylvia Duran, Lydia Duran, Ruben Duran, Betty Serratos, Horatio Duran, Eusebio Azcue, and Emilio Carballido. Only the Elena Garro de Paz file contained information on her allegations. Though all the names listed above played a role in Elena Garro de Paz' story, not one of their files included a reference to Elena Garro de Paz.

Furthermore, the House Select Committee on Assassinations requested and reviewed the Central Intelligence
Agency's LICOOKIE I, LICHANT I, LIRING 3, LIHUFF I and
TICHBORN files. Once again not one of the files included
a mention of Elena Garro's allegations. The House Select
Committee on Assassinations learned that LICOOKIE I was
June Cobb Sharp who first reported Elena's allegation. (Supra p. 4)
The Committee also learned that LICHANT I was Manuel Calvillo
who hid Elena Garro and her daughter in a hotel the day

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following the assassination. (Supra p. 13) He also told Elena that Sylvia Duran had been arrested before it was public knowledge. (16/6)

Since a file review lead nowhere, the Committee

decided to arrange interviews in Mexico with Sylvia Duran,

Elena Garro, Elenita Garro, Horacio Duran, Ruben Duran,

Lynn Duran, Emilio Carbillido and Betty Serratos. The

Mexican Government informed as that Elena and Elenita

Garro and disappeared in 1968 during the student uprisings

and had never returned to Mexico. The officials stated

that Elena and her daughter might be in Spain. (See Mexico

The Maxican gart negative for

City Procedural Write-up Trip 1.) Emilio Carballido

could not be found. The others were interviewed between

June 1 and June 6, 1978.

Betty Serratos, Lydia Duran, Ruben Duran, and Horatio Duran all stated that Elena was not the dancing type and therefore did not attend any of the twist parties at the Duran homes. (See: HSCA Staff Interview of Betty Serratos, 6/6/78, p. 6, JFK Document No. ; HSCA Staff Interview of Lydia Duran, 6/5/78, p. 6, JFK Document No.

; HSCA Staff Interview of Ruben Duran Návarro, 6/6/78, p. 16, JFK Document No. ; HSCA Staff Interview of Horatio Duran Navarro, 6/5/78, p. 25, JFK Document No. .)7

When Sylvia Duran was asked if Elena or Elenita Garro

EJL First Draft

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ever attended twist parties at the Duran homes, she stated that she recalled Elena attending one twist party at Ruben's home in 1963 when she returned to Mexico from France. (HSCA Staff Interview of Sylvia Triado Bazan, 6/6/70, p. 90, JFK, Document No.) All the Durans denied that Lee Harvey Oswald had attended any party at one of their homes. (Strong cta)

The Committee next asked the Central Intelligence

Agency to provide for interviews LICHANT/1 (Manuel

Calvillo), LICOOKIF/1(June Cobb), along with a list of

other assets that might help clear the Lee Harvey Oswald's

trip to Mexico City. (

Central tellique

The Agency declined to aid the Committee of the agency of the committee of the commit

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The Committee returned to Mexico Cly and attempted (Sec Procedural With to locate June Coll Shang and Manuel Calille The The results of the Committee's punk were as filly

The Mexican govern-

ndent

ment told the Committee that June Cobb Sharp received a tourist permit, number 72781, on June 27, 1947 when she entered Mexico through Nuevo Laredo. She asked, but was denied, permission to represent the magazine, Modern Mexico. On June 21, 1948, she received a courtesy permit, number Judium, the Mexico granular explanation for the Mexico. She disappeared in 1954 and never returned to Mexico. (See Procedural Writeup Trip 2 Mexico City) The ballot that the is a granular, that the Committee Amows the information is incorrect.

Cobb was also in Mexico from 1961 through 1966.

according to mo Collès CIA file she worked for the agency as an arset in Mexico from 1961 them 1966. (CIA-Report, 1965, June Coll file, 201-). Clear also stated that Ms. Collo resided at her home in 1964. (Super P.)

The Mexican government told the Committee that Manuel Calvillo did not live at Cuahtemoc 877-5 as the Committee had stated. Their agent in charge had spoken to the superintendent at the apartments for the past twenty-five years who said that no Manuel Calvillo had ever resided there. When Committee staffers gave the Mexican government Calvillo's pen name, the Mexicans gave the same answers. (See Procedural Write Mexico City Trip 2) The Committee is quite certain that Mr. Calvillo lives at this address since it acquired the address from a recent CIA document. (C/A Report, 1976, Manuel Calvillo file, 201-

do not indest indest this perhence

The Committee believes that there is a gossibility that the Mexican greenment received orders from the central entilligate agency to refrain from artery the Committee with this aspect of its work. I See Procedural Gath of 1. P2Mexic. (14)